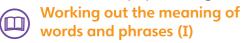
# Just for fun!

# My learning journey:

# Reading

Visual Arts An interview with a collector (Photography) Physical

An article about K-pop dancing



# Vocabulary

**Hobbies** 

Reasons to have hobbies

# Language

Asking for different kinds of information (Wh-questions)

Talking about people, places or things (Indefinite and definite articles)

Talking about possibility (Can)

# Listening

A survey interview about hobbies



Listening for factual information

# **Speaking**

Talking about a collection



**Short vowels** 

# Task

I will write an article about a hobby.

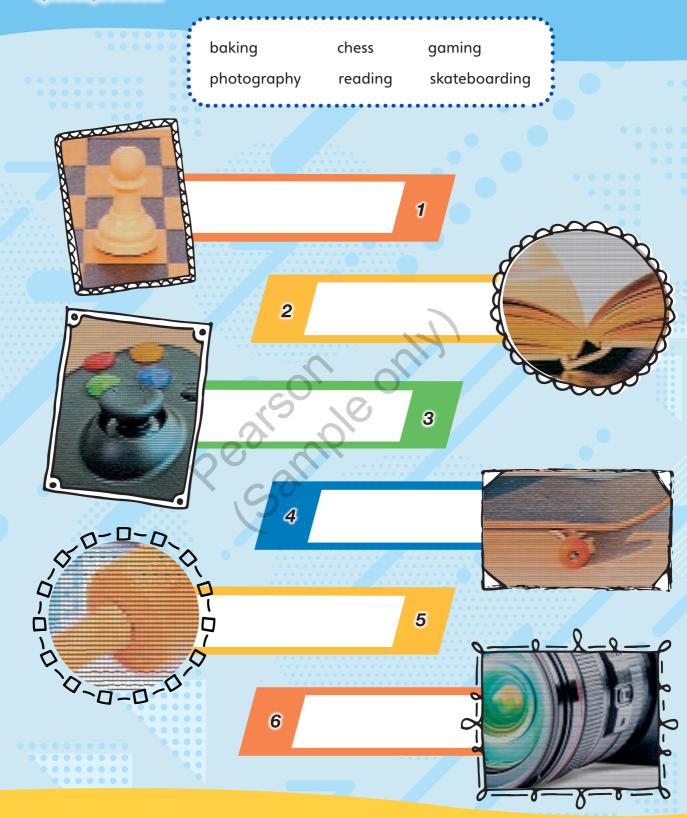


Using titles and subheadings



# Warm-up

What hobbies do these pictures show? Look carefully and write the answers in the spaces provided.



Have you tried any of the hobbies above? Work in pairs and tell your partner about the hobbies you have tried or would like to try.

# **Pre-reading**

1 Skim the text.

What hobby is the interview about?

Quickly read the title and the first few paragraphs.

2 Match these words (A–C) with their meanings.

A models (n) (line 6) gives someone the idea for something

**B** scenes (n) (line 13) small copies of things

C inspires (v) (line 35) views or pictures of a place, an activity, etc.

A reporter for a hobby magazine interviewed Selina Wu about her hobby. Read the interview.

My tiny world In Hong Kong, most of us live in small flats. That's why most Hong Kong teens can't have hobbies that need lots of space at home. Here, Daniel Chan talks to Selina Wu, who collects miniatures.

5 DC: Selina, what are miniatures?

SW

They're very small models of things that are much bigger in real life. For example, look at this picture. It shows a real doughnut, but the people with the ladders and painting equipment are miniatures. The doughnut lets you see just how minute the models of the people are. My hobby is collecting miniatures of people and objects so that I can create different scenes with them. My friend Frankie is a keen photographer. He helps me take photos of the scenes. I then post the photos on my personal blog.

DC: 4 Why do you choose to create scenes with food?

SW:

I don't always choose food. For example, in this photo, I used a pencil and a book. In fact, I use whatever happens to be around at home. But I like using food because I can eat it after we take enough snaps!

son Education Asia Limited 2023

DC: When did you start collecting miniatures?

SW:

25

30

7 I started in Primary Six. My aunt showed me an online video about miniatures. Later, she bought me some miniatures for my birthday. I found that playing with them helped me feel

relaxed. The hobby also helps me make new friends like Frankie. I met him at the school Art Club.

We talk about scenes that we can create and take photos together. This hobby allows me to explore my creativity. I didn't know that I could be so creative!

DC: 8 Where do you get your miniatures?

9 I go to hobby shops or buy them online. I sometimes make my own. SW: I have a shelf with boxes for animals, people, furniture and so on. Categorising them makes it easier to find the ones that I need.

10 Who inspires you when you create your scenes? DC:

A Japanese photographer called Tatsuya Tanaka SW: inspires me. I often get ideas from looking at his work. Tanaka creates playful, unusual photos using everyday objects and miniature figures. He shares one photo per day in his online 'miniature calendar'.

DC: Thanks, Selina, for talking about your fascinating hobby. It'll surely interest our readers.



# Grammar in tex

We can ask for information by using wh-questions.

... what are miniatures?

Can you find more examples in the text? Underline them.

# Comprehension 1



### Reading skill

### Working out the meaning of words and phrases (I)

When we read, we sometimes see words and phrases that we do not know. However, we can guess their meaning by looking for clues in the surrounding text to help us work out the meaning. Read the following paragraph. Underline the clue that helps you answer the question on the right.

Frankie is a gifted photographer. He took up photography a year ago. Last month, he won first prize at a photography competition.

What is the meaning of 'gifted'?

- O A beginner
- B talented

### Part A Answer the questions using information from Reading 1. Blacken one circle only.

- What is the meaning of 'snaps' (line 22)? According to paragraphs 1–3, Selina Wu A books A has a small model of a doughnut B food items B interviewed Daniel Chan C pencils C lives in a large flat in Hong Kong **D** photos D uses miniatures to create scenes How does Selina feel when she says, 'I didn't know that I could be so creative!' In line 11, the word 'minute' means very (line 30)? A confused ( ) A real **B** doubtful **B** similar
  - O **D** unusual
- **3** According to paragraphs 3–5, Selina .

C small

- $\bigcirc$  **A** creates scenes when she is hungry
- **B** likes to use everyday objects in her scenes
- C made a blog for her friend Frankie
- O **D** wants to learn to take better photos

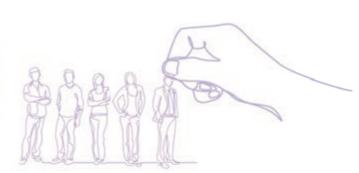
- In line 34, the word 'Categorising' can be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A Buying
  - O **B** Cleaning

C serious

**D** surprised

- C Making
- D Sorting





**Part B** Use information from Reading 1 to answer the following questions. For multiple choice questions, blacken one circle only.

1	According to	paragraph 7	are the	following	statements	True (1	r) False (	F)	or Not Given	(NG	)?
	According to	paragraph 7,	are trie	IOLLOWING	3101611161113	Hue (I	i, i atse t	. '	OI NOT GIVEII	(140)	<i>)</i> :

	Т	F	NG
a) Selina collected miniatures in Primary Four.	0	0	0
b) Selina's aunt collects miniatures.	0	0	0
c) Selina met Frankie at a school club.	0	0	0

According to paragraph 7, what are the three reasons that Selina likes her hobby?	
a)	
b)	
Complete the following sentence using information from paragraph 9.	
Selina keeps her collection of miniatures in <sup>a</sup> on a <sup>b</sup>	_at home.
NAVIs and also the a fall accident constant and a section to the description.	
what do the following words refer to in the text?	
a) we (line 22)	
b) them (line 27)	
c) your (line 40)	
	c)

**Part C Summary cloze** Complete the following summary using words taken from Reading 1. Fill in each blank with one word only.

Selina Wu has an interesting <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_.

She collects miniatures. In the interview, she talks about what she and her <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

Frankie do with her collection of tiny models. Selina's <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_ for creating scenes often come from seeing the works of Tatsuya Tanaka.

He is a Japanese <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_. Selina likes to go <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_ to check out his 'miniature calender' because he posts a new photo every <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_.





# **Pre-reading**

Skim the text. What is the article about?



Quickly read the title and subheadings.

### Scan the text.

What is the name of a K-pop group mentioned in the article?



Look for capital letters.

Your teacher gives you an article about K-pop dance. Read the article.

# Dance to the beat of

Dancing is a great way to express your feelings. Hip hop, jazz and breakdancing are popular dance styles. In this article, you can find out about K-pop dancing — the dance that everyone is K-razy about!

# 5 What is K-pop dance?



K-pop dance is an energetic dance style which matches the catchy music of K-pop (Korean pop). The movements are simple 10 so people can remember them easily. K-pop dance is usually performed in groups so moving in time is very important. It requires lots of practice to make sure that 15 every group member is doing the right moves at the right time.

### What is special about K-pop dance moves?

Good K-pop dance moves 20 match the song's lyrics. Take *Knock* Knock by the girl group Twice for example. When the members sing the words 'Knock knock', they knock on each other's back and 25 move their arms like doors opening. Many people who take up K-pop dance like to follow the original dance moves for songs, but they can also explore their creativity by 30 coming up with their own moves.

### A K-pop dance fan's view

Joey Hak, a student in Singapore, took up K-pop dancing a year ago. 'I love dancing to keep fit,' he says. 'I think K-pop dancing is more fun than other physical hobbies like hiking and martial arts. It isn't just about exercise either. I do it because it's cool and an excellent way to make new friends.'

### Where can you practise K-pop dancing?

40 **(5)** K-pop dance classes are very popular.

There are also K-pop dance clubs that people can join. Dance competitions in schools or elsewhere are good opportunities to perform.





# Grammar in text

We can use **definite and indefinite articles** to talk about
people, places or things.

K-pop dance is **an** energetic dance style which matches **the** catchy music of K-pop.

Can you find more examples in the text? Underline them.

# Values corner

Work hard to achieve your goal

How does setting a goal help you become good at a hobby?

# **Comprehension 2**



**Part A Text analysis** Answer the question using information from Reading 2.

Match the paragraphs in the article with their functions. Write the letters (A–F) in the spaces provided.

Parag	Paragraph			
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				

### **Function**

- A Describe what makes K-pop dance moves special.
- **B** Describe the main features of K-pop dance.
- **C** End with a positive comment.
- **D** Give some examples of places to do K-pop dancing.
- **E** Give one person's reasons to choose K-pop dancing as a hobby.
- **F** Introduce the main theme.

# Comprehension 2



🖳 Reading skill

Working out the meaning of words and phrases (I)

See page 32 for details.

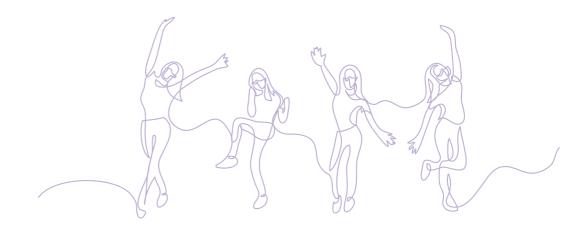
**Part B** Answer the questions using information from Reading 2. Blacken one circle only.

<u></u> ) 1	In lines 12–13, the phrase 'moving in time' means doing things	3	According to paragraph 4, which of the following is NOT true? Joey Hak
	○ A easily		○ <b>A</b> likes to exercise by dancing
	○ <b>B</b> often		O B prefers martial arts to dancing
	○ C quickly		○ <b>C</b> started K-pop dancing last year
	O <b>D</b> together		O <b>D</b> thinks K-pop dancing is cool
1 2	In line 20, the word 'lyrics' means	4	What is the tone of the writer in
	○ A doors		paragraph 6?
	○ <b>B</b> members		○ A encouraging
	○ C moves		O B entertaining
	O D words		○ <b>C</b> thoughtful
			O D worried
	rt C Summary cloze Complete the following sui in each blank with one word only.	mr	mary using words taken from Reading 2.

People love to dance because it's a good way to express <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ and to keep <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. K-pop dancing is also fun because it has simple moves that are easy to <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. Many people who do K-pop dancing as a hobby like to copy a song's <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ dance moves. However, you

can also show your <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ by making up your own dance moves.

You can <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in the fun too at K-pop dance classes and clubs.



# Word Families SDL

A What is the part of speech of each word below? Write the words in the correct spaces.

a) collect	collection		7
b) explore	exploration		
c) express	expressive	expressively	expression
d) important	importantly	importance	
e) inspire	inspiring	inspiration	
f) simple	simply	simplify	simplicity

	Noun	Verb	Adjective	Adverb
a)				
b)				
c)				
d)				
e)				)
f)		(5)	(O)	

- **B** Use some of the words in the table to fill in the blanks below.
- 1 There are many good hiking trails that you can \_\_\_\_\_ on Hong Kong Island.
- 2 Our team captain is an \_\_\_\_\_ leader. She always gives a speech before every game to help us believe we can win.
- 3 Let me show you my \_\_\_\_\_ of model toy cars. I have some that are fifty years old!
- 4 The funny \_\_\_\_\_ on Joey's face made us all laugh.
- 5 This sentence is difficult to understand. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ it?
- 6 I took up baking because it's a hobby that I can do by myself at home and more \_\_\_\_\_\_, I love making food.

# Vocabulary 1 SDL



### 

- A calligraphy C gaming E ice-skating G playing the ...
- B collecting ... D hiking F martial arts H vlogging

### What hobbies do the following pictures show? Write the letters (A–H) in the boxes.

















**B** Complete the following speech bubbles using words and phrases from the box above.

My hobby is <sup>1</sup> I love exploring the countryside and finding amazing views.

I like <sup>2</sup> in my free time. It's exciting to play online with players from around the world.

When I go on holiday, I like to buy a T-shirt as a souvenir, so <sup>3</sup>

T-shirts is my hobby.

My hobby is <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_

drums. I formed a rock band with some friends to make

music together.

I want to keep fit and learn how to protect myself. That's why I chose as a hobby.

I took up <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ recently because I'm interested in traditional culture.

# Vocabulary 2

_					
Reasons	+0	hava	hal	hhiac	
NEUSUIS					

- A develop new skills
- **B** explore (one's) creativity
- **C** feel relaxed
- **D** gain more confidence

- E have fun with friends
- **F** keep fit
- **G** learn about the world
- H make new friends
- A Match the following statements with the reasons in the box above. Write the letters (A–H) in the spaces provided.

I	I like my hobby because				
1	I can find out about people, places and things far from home.				
2	I can learn how to do new things.				
3	I can meet new people and get to know them.				
4	I can use my imagination to come up with lots of new ideas.				
5	I enjoy spending time with people I know and like.				
6	I get to exercise regularly.				
7	it makes me believe in myself and what I can do.				
8	it stops me worrying about my problems.				

- **B** Complete the following conversation using phrases from the box above.
  - Ricky: I'm so glad that we took up calligraphy together, Emma. A hobby is so much better when you can also <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - Emma: You're right! It *is* fun, and we've had the chance to <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ too. Neither of us knew Mia before we started taking the calligraphy class at the community centre.
  - Ricky: I also love this hobby, because it makes me <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_. I car forget about everything and just focus on writing words carefully.
  - Emma: The community centre offers other classes too. I'm interested in taking a martial arts class. It can help me <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ and become stronger.
  - Ricky: My cousin Eddie does martial arts as a hobby. He used to be very shy. Doing martial arts helped him <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_. He's much more sociable now.



# Language 1



# Asking for different kinds of information (Wh-questions)

When we want to ask for information, we can use wh-words to ask wh-questions.

Wh-word Information		Examples		
<i>how</i> in what way		<b>How</b> do you get to school? By bus		
what	things / actions	What is your favourite hobby? Playing the guitar		
when time When is your birthday? 14th February		<b>When</b> is your birthday? 14th February		
where place Where do you live? Ma C		<b>Where</b> do you live? Ma On Shan		
which from a choice of things / people Which do you want —		<b>Which</b> do you want — water or juice? Water		
<b>who</b> person Who is your favourite sports st		<b>Who</b> is your favourite sports star? Eileen Gu		
<i>why</i> reason		Why did you choose this hobby? Because it's fun		
whose personal possession Whose are th		Whose are these shoes? Milly's		

Note

Whose is a wh-word, but Who's (which sounds the same) is the short form for Who is.

We can also ask wh-questions beginning with question phrases.

Question phrase	Examples
what / which / whose + noun / noun phrase	What hobbies do you have? Which dance studio in Kowloon do you go to? Whose hair clip is this?
how + adjective / adverb / determiner	How old are you?  How quickly can you walk?  How many boxes are in the storage room?

### 

We can use the verb to be or other verbs to form wh-questions.

		Examples
Verb to be	put it immediately after the <i>wh-</i> word	Where <b>are</b> my chess pieces?
to be	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Who <b>was</b> the winner?
Other	• put the helping verb <i>to do</i> after the <i>wh</i> -word	When <b>do</b> you <b>go</b> dancing?
verbs	<ul> <li>put the main verb after the subject</li> </ul>	Why <b>did</b> you <b>leave</b> the band?

When we use who or what as the subject, we put the main verb after the wh-word.

Who **wants** a cupcake? What **stopped** the game?

Let's practise Write questions for the following interview with a martial arts coach. Start each question with a different 'wh'-word or question phrase. Remember to use the simple present or simple past in each question.

Reporter:	
Keith:	I took up martial arts when I was ten years old. Before that, I played chess all the time.
Reporter:	2
Keith:	Because I wanted to be more physically active and also be fitter and stronger.
Reporter:	3
	Kung fu or judo?
Keith:	I prefer kung fu.
Reporter:	4
Keith:	My aunt encouraged me to do this hobby. She's a kung fu champion.
Reporter:	5
Keith:	These days, my job as a coach keeps me very busy, but I usually practise for about eight hours a week.
Reporter:	6
Keith:	At home or at the gym.





# Talking about people, places or things (Indefinite and definite articles)

When we mention something for the first time or refer to one of many things, we use the indefinite articles a or an. We use them only before singular countable nouns.



Use		Use	Examples
	а	before a consonant sound	Tina is <b>a</b> student. She wears <b>a</b> uniform.
	an	before a vowel sound	Mr Jones is <b>an</b> artist. He will arrive in <b>an</b> hour.

We use the **definite article** the in the following situations and no article in the situations below.

	Use	Examples	
	when we have mentioned something before	Susie wore a red hat. She knitted <b>the</b> hat herself.	
the	when there is only one of a person, place or thing (or it is clear which one is being talked about)	<b>The</b> moon is very bright tonight. I'm going to <b>the</b> library.	

	Use	Examples
	with most proper nouns	Angel Ma lives near Victoria Park in Causeway Bay.
no article	with certain types of places	The injured student is now in <b>hospital</b> . My sister studies at <b>university</b> .
	with most time expressions	The competition on <b>Saturday</b> starts at <b>eight o'clock</b> .

Le	ct's practise Complete the sentences using <b>articles</b> . If no article is needed, write 'x'.
1	David wants book about photography. What do you recommend?
2	Rita bought me some stamps from Japan for my stamp collection.
3	I don't want to go out because rain is getting heavier.
4	I have a old chess board. My grandpa gave me b board when I started learning to play chess c last year.



Let's practise Complete Maisy's email to her brother using **articles**. If no article is needed, write 'x'.

Hi Paul  How is <sup>1</sup> university? Are you enjoying living in <sup>2</sup> Australia? What's <sup>3</sup> weather like? Here, it has been raining every day. I have to carry <sup>4</sup> umbrella with me every time I go out.
Have you planned <sup>5</sup> trip to see <sup>6</sup> Aunt Mandy in <sup>7</sup> Sydney yet? Did you know that she has <sup>8</sup> exciting new hobby? She signed up for skateboarding classes! I hope she enjoys <sup>9</sup> hobby. Remind her to be careful. Don't forget to buy her <sup>10</sup> nice gift when you see her.
Lots of love Maisy

# Language 3



# Talking about possibility (Can)

We use *can* to talk about possibility.

You can sign up for dance classes on the website.

(= it is possible for you to sign up)

I can't play with the band today because I didn't bring my guitar.

(= it is not possible for me to play today)



Let's practise Members of the Photography Club have arrived at a theme park to take photos of a fireworks display. Complete the park's notice using 'can' or 'can't' and the verbs given.

# Sorry, but we have some bad news!

Wonderland Theme Park

- Due to today's bad weather, the fireworks display
  - as planned this evening but don't be disappointed! Visitors <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a free ticket to attend a virtual-reality fireworks display at the Tech Zone.
- Outdoor food stalls will all be closed, but Food Street will remain open.
   Visitors <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a wide variety of snacks available there.
- Unfortunately, we <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ any of our outdoor rides today.

  However, visitors <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_ indoor rides at the Adventure Zone.

We hope you enjoy your visit today!

Use each verb or phrasal verb once only:

- enjoy
- find
- get
- go ahead
- open

# Language Roundup



The following online chat has some mistakes with **articles**, **'wh'-questions**, **'can'** and **'can't'**. Correct the mistake in each numbered line. One has been done for you.

Underline an incorrect word and write the correct word in the space provided.

Mark the position of a missing word with a '^' and write the missing word in the space provided.

• •		
1 Dan:	Hi, Pam! I heard you've begun vlogging? What did	When
	you start?	
2 Pam:	About the month ago.	
3 Dan:	You already have a blog so did you start vlogging?	
4 Pam:	Because I wanted to increase number of followers	
	on my blog.	
5 Dan:	Who did your followers react?	
6 Pam:	The videos were a instant success. I have more than twice	
7	as many followers as before — almost the thousand.	
8 Dan:	Well done! How many videos do you have on a blog?	
9 Pam:	There are six at the moment. You can't watch them on	
10	the blog or my vlog. I'm going to record new video	
	in Kwun Tong this weekend. Do you want to come along?	
11 Dan:	Yes, I do, but I go on Saturday. Is Sunday OK with you?	
Pam:	That's fine.	
12 Dan:	Why do you want to meet me?	





Pam: Let's meet at the bus station. I'll call you when I'm ready.







# **1**

# **Listening skill**

### Listening for factual information

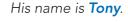
We often need to listen for factual information, e.g. names, numbers. To listen for specific information, we should:

- think about what factual information we need.
- listen carefully for key words that can help us identify the information.

What's your cousin's name?

**How many** badges does he have?





He has a hundred and fifty.

Let's listen Your friend is conducting a survey about hobbies. He made a recording of his first interview. Listen to the interview and complete the note sheet.



# Survey note sheet

L	Name of i	nterviewer:		

2	Name of	schoolmate	interviewed:	

5	Schoolmate's favourite hobby:	

	•	 			

0	Number of	years aoing	This noddy		
		,	•		

7 Size of collection:	
-----------------------	--

8	Place stored:			
---	---------------	--	--	--

# Speaking



((

# Speaking skill

### **Short vowels**

Most English words contain one or more vowel sounds. Some vowel sounds are short (e.g. hit) and some are long (e.g. heat). Let's look at the following short vowels.

/æ/	/e/	/1/	/i/
b <b>a</b> ck f <b>a</b> n	sh <b>e</b> lf fr <b>ie</b> nd	pin tip	cop <b>y</b> happ <b>y</b>
	, ,		, ,
/a/	/^/	/ʊ/	/u/

The most common short vowel is the schwa sound /a/. It is used in unstressed syllables.

about

collect

ex**er**cise

number

An unstressed syllable is pronounced more softly than a stressed syllable in a word.

- A The first word in the following pairs of words has a short vowel. Listen to the pairs of words 36 SILONIOIS and repeat them.
  - bed bead
  - cut cart
  - 3 fit feet
  - man main
  - shop sharp
  - 6 spot sport
- (a) B Listen to the following conversation. Pay attention to the underlined words. Then practise saying the underlined words.

Riya: What's in your bag?

Joey: It's my collection of comic books.

Riya: Can you let me take a look, please?

Joey: Sure! Please be careful with them.

Riya: Don't worry! I'll take extra care with them.

Joey: I think you'll like them very much.

Work in pairs and read aloud the conversation.





The editor of the school magazine wants you to write an article about your favourite hobby for next month's issue. Write your article.

# STEP 1 Get ready

Let's look at the genre and work out the audience, purpose(s) and style for this task. Tick the correct boxes.

Genre: Article	S	G.A.P.s.
Audience:	Purpose:	
hobby shop owners	to describe	a hobby
students	to explain w	vhy a hobby is enjoyable
teachers	to report or	a hobby's popularity
Style: informal	semi-formal	formal
An article about a h	obby is usually	
informative	positive	serious
•		

Get ready Read & analyse Brainstorm Write Evaluate

# STEP 2 Read and analyse

A The editor of the school magazine gives you a similar article from last month's issue. Read the article below and complete the guidelines with the phrases given on the next page. Write the letters (A–E) in the spaces provided.



Read & analyse

Get ready

- A Give a closing comment, e.g. reason(s) why photography is a good hobby.
- **B** Give some relevant details for each aspect of the hobby.
- **C** Introduce the article, e.g. by saying something about the topic of the article and what readers can expect to find out about it.
- **D** Use a short, eye-catching title.
- **E** Use a subheading for each aspect of the hobby.

# A TID

### Writing skill

### Using titles and subheadings

• When we write an article, we usually use a title (i.e. heading). A good title is eye-catching so it makes the reader want to read on. It also gives a clue to what the article is about (i.e. the topic). Look at the following title and underline the clue to the topic.

### Fun with photography!

• Subheadings help organise the article by summarising the ideas that follow. You can use a question or a short phrase as a subheading, e.g.

What do you need to get started?

The best places to take photos

**B** Look back at the article in Reading 2 on pages 34–35. Choose an appropriate alternative title and subheadings for the article. Write the letters (A–G) in the spaces provided. Two letters are not used.

### Title / Subheadings

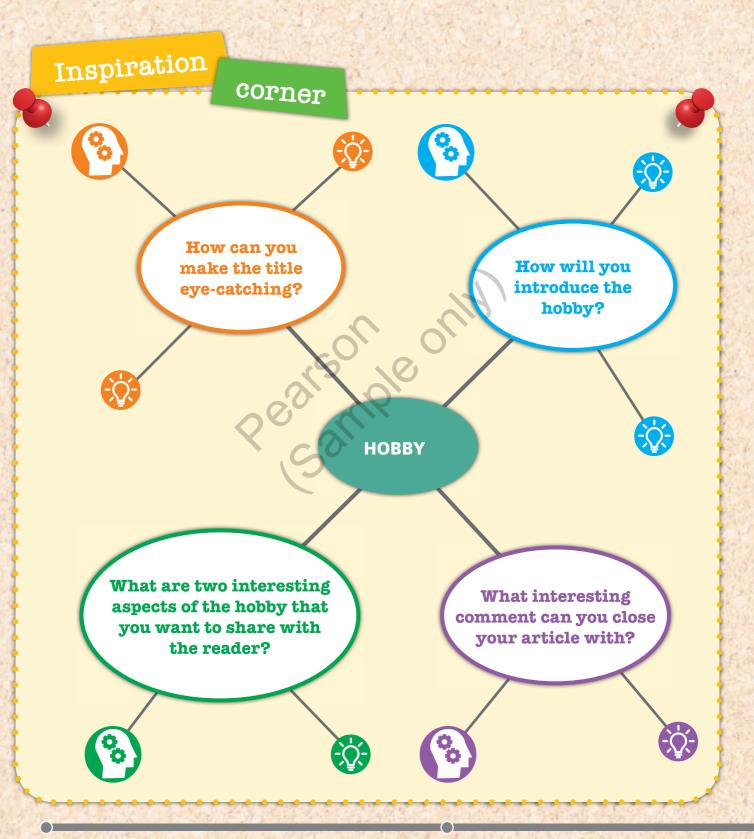
- 1 \_\_\_\_ Dance to the beat of K-pop
- **2** \_\_\_\_ What is K-pop dance?
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ What is special about K-pop dance moves?
- 4 \_\_\_\_ A K-pop dance fan's view
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ Where can you practise K-pop dancing?

### Alternative title / subheadings

- A Everything you need to know about K-pop dance
- B Meet the best K-pop dancers
- C Reasons to take up K-pop dance
- D The basics of K-pop dance
- E What makes a good K-pop dance move?
- F Where to learn K-pop dance
- **G** Why are K-pop groups so popular?

# STEP 3 Brainstorm

Here are some useful ideas, words and phrases to help you with your writing. You can also look at the Vocabulary section and the Task Sheet for words to use.



Get ready

# **Describing hobbies**

- ... is a good hobby for people who ...
- People who have good ... skills might like to try ...
- I'm ... so I often choose hobbies that I can do with others / with my friends / on my own.
- After school, I like to ... so all my hobbies involve ...





# Describing the qualities needed for different hobbies

- A good ... needs to be ... / have ...
- When you ..., you need to concentrate / pay attention to detail.
- You need to be / have ... to do / play the ... well.

# Describing how a hobby makes you feel

- I feel ... when I ...
- I'm transported to another world when I ...
- I forget about all my worries when I ...
- I feel appreciated when I ...





# Giving a closing comment

- Hobbies help us explore ...
- Hobbies can help us become / have ...
- We should all try ...



Write your article.

# STEP 5 Evaluate

Read your article and tick the statements below that you agree with. Revise your article if necessary.

G.A.P.S.	
<ul> <li>I know the purpose(s) of writing the article.</li> <li>My article appeals to my intended audience.</li> <li>I used a semi-formal, informative and positive style in my article.</li> </ul>	You can also ask a friend to evaluate your article!
Content	
☐ I included information about my favourite hobby. ☐ I explained why I enjoy this hobby.	
Organisation	
<ul> <li>I included an eye-catching title and clear subheadings.</li> <li>I included an opening paragraph that introduces my favourite hobby.</li> <li>I used separate paragraphs to talk about different aspects of my hobby.</li> <li>I used a closing paragraph with an appropriate closing comment to end</li> </ul>	•
Language	
<ul> <li>I used wh-question words and / or phrases appropriately.</li> <li>I used articles appropriately.</li> <li>I used can to talk about possibility.</li> </ul>	

# **Vocabulary Bank**



### **Hobbies**

baking (n) p. 29

collecting ... (n) p. 31

hiking (n) p. 35

martial arts (n phr) p. 35

reading (n) p. 29

calligraphy (n) p. 38 drawing (n) p. 40 ice-skating (n) p. 38 photography (n) p. 29 skateboarding (n) p. 29

chess (n) p. 29
gaming (n) p. 29
K-pop dancing (n phr) p. 34
playing the ... (n phr) p. 38
vlogging (n) p. 38

### Reasons to have hobbies

develop new skills (v phr) p. 39 feel relaxed (v phr) p. 31 have fun with friends (v phr) p. 39 learn about the world (v phr) p. 39 explore (one's) creativity (v phr) p. 31 gain more confidence (v phr) p. 39 keep fit (v phr) p. 35 make new friends (v phr) p. 31

# Words and phrases related to doing hobbies

create ... (v) p. 30 share ... (v) p. 31 form a ... band (*v phr*) p. 38 sign up for ... classes (*v phr*) p. 43 practise ... (v) p. 35 take up ... (v phr) p. 34

# Other vocabulary

catchy (adj) p. 34 everyday (adj) p. 31 inspire (v) p. 31 model (n) p. 30 coach (n) p. 41 express (v) p. 34 keen (adj) p. 30 snap (n) p. 30 dance studio (*n phr*) p. 40 fascinating (*adj*) p. 31 miniature (*n*) p. 30 tiny (*adj*) p. 30

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### **Self-assessment**

How much have you learnt in this unit? Go to the online platform to find out!